PRICE TWO CENTS.

VOL. 15. NO. 71.

RICHMOND. VA. THURSDAY. MAY 3. 1900.

THE CONVENTION PARTY MEASURE

Revision of the Constitution is Fully Adopted.

W. J. BRYAN ENDORSED

Mr. Ellyson Promises to Him Virginia's Vote.

FREE SILVER NOT MENTIONED

The Democratic Principles in the Chicage Platform Endorsed, and Illegal Trusts and Imperialism Condemned - Daniel, Martin, Tyler and Jones Delegates at Large.

(From a Staff Correspondent). NORFOLK, VA., May 2-The Demo cratic convention finished its work and adjourned soon after 11 o'clock to-night. It was an harmonious gathering. The opponents of the constitutional convention gave up the fight after they lost the battle before the Committee on Resolutions. They did not even enter a protest against the resolutions on the floor of the convention. It was reported, and generally believed, up to the time that the platform committee made its report, that the "Antis" had won. They claimed that the conventionites had been forced to accept what was practically no dorsement of the convention. To-night

hey admit their defeat.
The committee spent several hours in the consideration of the platform. Mr. Carter Glass, a very pronounced convention man, wrote the resolutions.

JONES POPULAR AS EVER.

John W. Daniel, Thomas S. Martin, William A. Jones and J. Hoge Tyler were elected delegates at large. The presentation of Mr. Jones' name was something of a surprise. It was not generally known that he was a candidate. He has lost none of his popularity because of his fight on Senator Martin last year. Whenever his name was mentioned there was great cheering. The convention tried hard to get a speech from Mr. Jones, but he

efused to respond to the calls.

Mr. Ellyson would not allow his name
o be presented for delegate at large. When he saw there was to be a contes he declined to stand in the way of any aspirant. Having been so highly honored by the convention earlier in the day, he did not think it would be proper for him

to be a candidate to represent the Virginia Democracy at Kansas City.

DANIEL'S RECEPTION FLATTERING.

Senator Daniel is still the idol of the Democrats of this State. His reception was most flattering, and thousands of peo-ple listened with the closest attention to

his speech to-night.

One of the most interesting features of the convention was Hon. B. B. Munford's powerful appeal to the body to give up the free silver issue. While he lost, it developed that there were a large number of delegates who endorsed the views he so aptly/expressed.

There were some humorous incidents. One was the introduction by Mr. H. M. enith, Jr., of Richmond, of this resolu-

Resolved That the Democratic party of Virginia, in convention assembled, in sup-porting William Jennings Bryan, as we do not wish to be cor sidered as overlooking the splendid and services of our fellow Democrat, George Dewey.

Some one suggested that this was the starting of a boom for Dewey for Secretary of the Navy. The resolution was not put to a vote.

The delegates were rather slow in assembling.

Armory Hall is a fine meeting place for

a body the size of that gathered there to-day. The Elks' Carrival was held there recently, and the beautiful booths along each side of the building still remain, and afforded convenient places for committees to meet.

The Seaboard Air Line Band discoursed

popular airs while the convention assembling.

Chairman Ellyson called the convention to order at 12:10 P. M. He was cheered as he advanced to the front of the stage. He introduced Rev. Dr. A. Coke Smith, of Epworth Methodist church, of this city.

Epworth Methodist church, of this city, who offered prayer.

Mr. Ellyson announced that the State Committee had selected for Temporary Chairman, Hon, H. D. Flood; for Secretary, Colonel Wm. Henry Mann; and for Sergeant-at-Arms, Mr. Wm. H. Jacques.

Mr. Flood was roundly applauded as he rose to address the gathering. He made a brief speech, which was well delivered and feaverably received. His attack upon and favorably received. His attack upon imperialism and militarism, evoked much

He said the delegates to Kansas City would be charged with the duty of pre-senting Virginia's protest against imperial-ism and against trusts.

When the speaker predicted the nomina-tion and election of William Jennings Bryan, the delegates went wild with en-

Underwood Constitution, and his rethe Underwood Constitution, and his re-marks along this line seemed to meet with favor. He earnestly advocated the hold-ing of a convention to revise the organic law of the State, and said he favored submitting the Constitution to the people for

Discussing the constitutional convention Mr. Flood said: "We are happily rallied from the de-

pression of the reconstruction era, but the problem which confronts Virginia is no nearer solution to-day than it was in

have repudiated their reconstruction con-stitutions, and with their social and political affairs thus put at rest, are striding forward in commercial prosperity. In the development of her mineral resources, in the advancement of her agricultural and mercial interests, in her general prosperity, Virginia is marching steadily on to that cheering destiny which we have every reason to believe a kind Provi-dence, aided by the energies of man, has

in store for her.
"With such a future, and with her pe ple in the control of her affairs, the old Commonwealth should be rid of an organic

law which sprang from the leathsome union of ignorance, vice and depotism.

"Virginia has seen her day of depression and now she beholds the dawn of a grand prosperity, and she should have a Constitution, germinating in the hearts of her own people, fashioned by their wishing the same of the of her own people, fashioned by their wis-dom, framed by a convention of their

own choosing and adopted at the polls by their free and unforced suffrages." DISTRICTS CALLED,

The districts were called for their dele-

The districts were called for their delegates, electors and State Committee, and responded as follows:
First District.—District Committee—J. Boyd Sears, S. T. Smith, H. Criswood, Resolutions—W. A. Jones, Judge J. W. G. Biackstone, H. Crismond, Credentials—C. B. Jones, Dr. Charles Smith, F. W. Lewis, Organization—L. T. Smith, W. H. Ryland, S. Wilkins Matthews. Delegates to Kansas City.—R. I. Allsworth Walter

Ryland, S. Wilkins Matthews. Delegates to Kansas City-R. L. Alisworth, Walter Crabb, Thomas L. Downing.
Second District.—District Committee—W. W. Dey, D. G. Smith, E. Thompson, Jr., C. F. Day, N. E. Smith. Resolutions—Judge B. D. White, S. W. Holt, Robert Frankford. Credentials—D. G. Smith, D. Gardiner Tyder, Joseph Mussrave.—Organization—A. C. Cromwell, R. R. Hicks, Jos. Saunders. Elector—John Whitehead. District Delegates—E. E. Montague W. W. trict Delegates-E. E. Montague, W. W.

Fourth District.-District Committee-F R. Lassiter, T. E. Clark, R. G. Southall, J. M. Harris, A. D. Watkins. Organiza-tion-Messrs. Cocke, Preston, Bossicau, Bradley S. Johnson. Resolutions—C. F. Smith, R. J. Montgomery, C. S. Bagley. Credentials-W. D. Faulkner, H. F.

Credentials—W. D. Faulkner, H. F. Hutchison, J. D. Elam. Fifth District.—District Committee—Ben-jamin N. Hatcher, H. G. Mullins, J. M. Hooper, R. A. James, W. H. Sutherland. Hooper, R. A. James, W. H. Sutheriand, Resolutions—Eugene Withers, J. R. Greg-ory, Charles M. Hunt, Credentials—E. J. Harvey, R. F. Thompkins, W. H. Suth-eriand, Organization—L. C. Berkeley, E. S. Reid, P. F. Shelton, Elector—Eugene Withers, Delegates to Kansas City-Pan-nill Rucker, R. F. Thompkins; Alternates -W. S. Tipton, E. W. Saunders. Sixth District.—District Committee—J. P. Woods, O. L. Stearns, D. Q. Eggleston, Woods, O. L. Stearns, D. Q. Eggleston, W. H. Calhoun, Wood Bouldin, Resolutions—J. W. Daniel, C. B. Moornaw, Jos. Stebbins. Organization—W. B. Bowles, Eugene Old. J. T. Lacy. Credentials—Edward Lyle, W. H. Calhoun, Frank Nelson, Elector—Graham Slayton. Delegates to Kansas City—R. H. Logan, Sidney Shelton; Alternates—S. E. Jones, J. W. Carl-

enth District.-District Committee Seventa District.—District Committee— Winfield Liggett, G. W. Morris, George W. Kinsey, A. L. Warthen, C. H. Purcell. Resolutions—R. E. Byrd, George B. Keezell, D. B. Moon, Credentials—E. C. Jordan, J. R. Barley, J. H. Lindsay, Organization—G. W. Levi, J. S. Chapman, T. B. Hardesty, Delegates to Kansas City—P. H. O'Bannon, M. M. Johnson; Alternates—N. B. Early, Thomas D. Gold, Elector—R.

Eighth District.—Organization—F. W. Richardson, E. F. Golsan, Gardner Boothe, Credentials—Charles Waite, R. O. Richardson,
Boothe, Credentials—Charles Wane, A.
McIntyre, R. A. Hutchinson, Resolutions—R. L. Gordon, J. B. T. Thornton,
S. Sesson, Members District Committee—
G. S. P. Triplett, L. Marbury, Grenville
Gaines, George S. Shackelford, C. P.
Delegates to Kansas City—
white:
White: Gaines, George S. Snackellord, C. F. Janney, Delegates to Kansas City-R. N. Harper, Judge Charles M. White: alternates—James Barbour, E. E. Downham. District Elector—L. H. Machen. Ninth District.—Credentials—E. M. Car-Ninth District.—Credentials—E. M. Carter, J. N. Johnson, D. H. Smith.
Organization—J. M. Gwyn, B. J. Wysor,
W. J. Henson. Resolutions—S. W. Wililams, W. E. Burns, O. E. Jordan.
State Committee—T. A. Lynch, B. F.
Buchanan, M. C. Clark, W. P. Smith,
P. F. St. Clair. Delegates to Kansas
City—B. F. Buchanan, J. H. McGaveck;
alternatics—W. P. Grav. F. B. Hutton.

Alternates—W. P. Gray, F. B. Hutton, Elector—R. T. Irvine, Tenth District,—District Committee— W. A. Rinchalf, Frank T. Glasgow, J. P. Whitehead, E. W. Hubard and Joseph Button. Resolutions—R. W. Winborn, W. B. Petilt and J. Thompson Brown. Permanent Organization—J. T. McKenna, J. T. Delaney and E. H. Barclay. Cre-dentials—Ed. Carter, C. R. Sanderson, A. G. Preston. Elector-Pembroke Pettit.

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

Only Ten Alive When the Siege of Catubiga Was Raised by Eight American Soldiers.

MANILA, May 2.-The American garrison at Catubiga, Island of Samar, consisting of thirty men belonging to the Forty-third regiment, has just been attacked by insurgents. Twenty of the Americans were killed. The remainder were rescued.

The Americans were quartered in the Catubiga Church, which the enemy, num-bering several hundred men, surrounded, and fiercely attacked. The Americans fought for two days, and then the rebels managed to ignite the roof of the church and it burned away and finally fell upon those inside the edifice. The walls remained intact, however, and were used as a shelter by the besieged Americans for three days longer, the enemy attacking the building on all sides around.

The Americans continued firing from the windows and doors of the church, and did great execution among the Filipinos. It is estimated that over 200 of the latter were killed, many dead bodies being removed from the scene of the fighting. After five days' resistance by the Americans, a Heutenant and eight men arrived from Lagan and engaged the besiegers, who thereupon retired. The fortunate arrival of the reinforcements prevented the anni-hilation of the American force entrenched in the church, who had repeatedly declined

surrender when ordered to do so by the Filipinos. The ten survivors were without food, and had little ammunition. They were physically exhausted when relieved. This fight has encouraged the Filipinos, who are now acting in an aggressive manner and threatening that section of the coast, particularly the town of Catarma, whence the probably be withdrawn to garrison will probably be withdrawn to

WASHINGTON, May 2.-General Otis has so far not reported to the War De-partment the casualties sustained by the American garrison at Catubiga. The offi-cials believe that the General is holding back the news with the object of supply ing with it the names of the victims of

the siege. The department is not informed as to the composition of this particular garri-son, having only a rough statement from the commanding general of the disposition of each regiment, without particulars of the location of each comp

May Have Killed Richmond Boys. The killing of twenty of the American The Killing of twenty of the American soldiers of the Forty-third Regiment, at Catubiga, Island of Namar, by the Filipinos, has created no little excitement here, as several of the members of that regiment were Richmond boys.

Those who were known to be in the regiment are Captain Robert LeMausurler and Champ. Shepherd a son of Mr.

and Champ Shepherd, a son of Mr.
Joseph H. Shepherd. Other Richmond
boys, who are in the Philippines, are
Lewis Bosher, Judson Taliaferro, Douglas
Hopkins, James McGee, Harvey Austin, John R. Cooke, Jr., Irving Carrington, Clarence Werner and Private Ruge. It is not now known whether any of these

(Continued on Second Page.)

BOERS PUSHED BACK SLIGHTLY

They Continue Their Harassing Tactics.

ROBERTS' PLANS

To Establish a Line of Posts Across the Orange Free State.

PREPARATIONS FOR AN ADVANCE

The Relief of Mafeking Has Not Ceased to Occupy the Attention of the Authorities-Reported that a Large Part of the Investing Force Has Been

LONDON, May 3,-4:15 A. M.-The imnediate objective of Lord Roberts is to stablish a line of British posts from one rontier of the Orange Free State to the other at right angles with the railway, thus preventing Boer raids southward.

It is essential, therefore, that the Boers should be expelled from the rugged Thaba N'Chu district, and be forced to retire to

As the result of the desultory firing Monday and Tuesday, the Boers were pushed back a few miles, but nothing de-cisive appears to have been yet attained. The Boers continue to follow their ha-rassing tactics. One well-horsed com-mando, operating in the neighborhood of Sannas Post, interferes with the British convoys raing from Bloemfontein to Thaba convoys going from Bloemfontein to Thaba N'Chu. The enemy nearly captured a convoy Tuesday, but they were driven

off after a brisk fight.

Preparations for an advance continue at Kimberley. Sir Alfred Milner has written to the Mayor of Kimberley, assuring him that the relief of Mafeking has not ceased to occupy his attention and that of the milito occupy his attention and that of the mili-tary authorities, and that nothing will be left undone to raise the siege at the ear-liest possible moment. The British garri-sons along the railroad to Warrenton have been strengthened and supplies are going

forward.

A mounted force has gone to Barkley
West, the Boers having occupied Windsorton. A thousand Boers threaten the
communications between Boshof and Kim-

Mala, chief of the Taungs, has informed the British that the Boers are preparing the British that the to resist their advance at Phokewan, twenty miles north of Warrenton.

A correspondent at Lorenzo Marques cabled Tuesday that a large part of the

investing force at Mafeking had been withdrawn. withdrawn.

General Buller continues quiet. The
Boers assert that they are delaying an
attack upon him in the hope that all the
horses of the British will die of horse

According to a correspondent of the Daily Telegraph with Lord Palestin Daily Telegraph with Lord Roberts, President Kruger is again asking peace terms. The departure of the Boer deleand what they have said of their pur-poses and hopes, draw British attention to American views of the war.

SHARP FIGHTING EXPECTED

British Still Trying to Hem in the

Boers.

LONDON, May 2.—It is difficult to unravel the tangled stories coming from the neighborhood of Thaba N'Chu, but apparently the British forces are engaged in a movement having for its object the hem-ming in of the Boers still in that district. While Generals French and Rundle are While Generals French and Rundle are holding the Boers at Thiba N'Chu, General Broadwood's cavalry has been pushed on Houtnek in the hope of intercepting the Federal convoys between Ladybrand and Winburg. As General Bothahas been reinforced, there is every prospect of sharp fighting. The new scene of operations and the general movement of operations and the general movement the various columns are taken to indic various columns are taken to indicate that Lord Roberts is deploying his army preparatory to beginning his northern march.

It now seems likely that it is the com-

mander-in-chief's intention to advance si-multaneously from Kimberley, Bloem-fontein and Ladysmith with the view of preventing the Boers from concentrating their forces at any given point.

Lord Roberts forwards a list of the casualties of General Hamilton's force April

30th, as follows: KNEW-Major Showers, Lieutenant Park-

er, and one private. Wounded—Four officers and five men. Missing—Two officers and ten men.

FORCE A PASSAGE

Hamilton Secures Thaba-N'Chu-

Bloemfontein Road. THABA N'CHU, Tuesday, May 1-After-THABA NORM: THABA NORM: THAB NORM: THABA N a passage northward. At Houtney the Boer front had a line of hills commandmoer front had a line of this command-ing the sides of the nek. The Canadians and Gordons attacked the hill to the left, and the Shropshires and Marshalls Horse, supported by a battery, also made an attack on the enemy, who finally fied, leaving many wounded, and the passage

was cleared. The Boers Boers on the mountain are now shelling the outlying camp, necessitating removal to a safer place. The Boers have three guns on the hill to the eastnave three guns on the fill to the east-ward of this place, cutside of the range of the British artillery. The Boers' shelling is not doing any damage. The enemy retain their positions, and the British are not attempting to dislodge

them.

General Hamilton, by reaching Houtney, after a full day's fighting, secured the Thaba-N'Chu-Bloemfontein road.

Renewed Activity. LADYSMITH, May 2.-There is renewed activity among the Boers on this side of the Drakensburg Mountains. Preparations here to check an advance are complete.

Maiden of Seventy-Six Would Wed.

BOSTON, May 1.-Every pessible influence is being brought to bear to

prevent Miss Louise Pierce, aged seventysix. and wealthy, from marrying Dr.
Charles H. Barnes, aged thirty-three, a
physician, who won her affection while
lodging in her home.

Miss Pierce nd Dr. Barnes applied for
a marriage license at the Registrar's
office this morning. Registrar Rideout
kept them waiting while he telephoned
to John R. Ansley, a relative of Miss
Pierce, who soon put in an appearance
with his lawyer, and had a talk with
his relative. his relative. Dr. Jolly, the insanity expert, was also summoned. Then there was a private conference, the result of which was not made public. The license was not granted.—Baltimore Sun.

BAIL REFUSED

Damaging Evidence of Culton in Goe-

Damaging Evidence of Culton in Goebel Murder Trial,

FRIANKFORT, KY., May 2.—W. H.
Culton, State Auditor Sweeney's clerk, indicted as accessory to the Goebel murder, testified in the hearing of the motion for bail in his case this afternoon, and gave some sensational testimony. Culton's testimony followed after the motions for bail in the cases of Powers, Davis, Youtsey, Whittaker and Combs had been overruled. An order was entered transferring the prosecutions against them to Georgetown for trial on a change of venue.

against them to Georgetown for trial on a change of venue.

Culton said: "Henry Youtsey told me that Goebel would be killed. I told him that it must not be done. I told Governor Bradley what Youtsey said, and Bradley said: 'My God, this must not be done.'

"Youtsey afterwards said there was nothing in it."

The witness told of another conversation with Youtsey, who came with Burtion with Youtsey, who came with Bur-ton, of Breckinridge county. "Youtsey said he had the greatest scheme yet; that Goebel could be shot from the Secretary of State's office and nobody would ever know who did it."

Great Bug Story.

TRENTON, N. J., May 2.—A cloud of bugs was responsible for the calling of the Trenton Fire Department last night. The bugs were gathered around the steeple of the Fourth Presbyterian Church in from the ground that a passer-by mistock them for smoke, and sent in the alarm. When the fire department arrived on the scene, Chief Allen, with the aid of a field glass, discovered the mistake, and from the ground that a passer-by mistook the fire department returned to their

The Fun Over.

CHICAGO, May 2.—The Chicago cele-bration in monor of Admiral George Dewey practically came to a close to-day, with an excursion by the Admiral and members of the general committee of the Dewey celebration down the Chicago drainage canal, as far as the controlling gates at Lockport.

SOUTH PLATTE ON RAMPAGE

The Bridges Impassable and Higher Waters Feared.

FORT MORGAN, COL. May 2.—The South Platte is the highest in six years, and is three-quarters of a mile wide. The long dyke, connecting bridges over the two channels, is under water, and washed away to a depth of ten feet in several

The Platte and Beaver Canal is washed Canal washed out at the head gate, as is also the Bijou Canal. The railroad bridge at Hardin has gone out into the river.

The bridges at Orchard and Snyder are
impassable; there is no way to cross, and
travel is tied up. High water is feared.

UTAH MINE DISASTER

Over Two Hundred Bodies Aiready Recovered.

SALT LAKE, UTAH, May 2.-10:30.— At this hour two hundred and one bodies have been recovered from Mine No. 1. It is now known that between three and four hundred men entered the mines, and it is also known that a great majority of them have been killed in the powder ex-

of them have been killed in the powder explosion of yesterday.

A large number of the dead are married men. Just how the catastrophe occurred is not known. At Provo a mass-meeting has been held for the relief of the families of the victims, and \$3,000 subscribed.

To-night's estimate of the number killed in the terrible mine explosion here yesterdays is 720 but the total death list may day is 250, but the total death list may yet reach 300. Relief work is still in pro-

ARRESTED FOR BARN BURNING

Extensive Distillers in Giles County in Jail Charged With Arson.

Evidence Strong.

PEARISBURG, VA., May 2.-Special .-PEARISBURG, VA., May 2.—Special.—
John M. (commonly called Bacon) Smith
and his brother, Harve, were landed in
jail last night upon a warrant charging
them with burning the barn of G. T.
Porterfield, in this county, on February
1st. Several days ago one of their accomplices, Henderson Price, a brotherin-law of John M. Smith, was placed in
jail upon a warrant charging an attempt jail upon a warrant charging an attempt to burn the residence of Mr. Porterfield He was caught in the house about 10 o'clock at night with a bottle of kerosene oil upon his person, and in view of the recent barn burning he was held under

John M. Smith is an extensive distiller at Newport, in this (Giles) county, and it has been charged that he has been carrying on the illicit sale of liquors upon a large scale, and Mr. Porterfield was very active in assisting the Commonwealth in the prosecution of these cases, and had been warned that if he did not desist he would suffer, and the threat was carried out in the burning of his barn, carrying on the illicit sale of liquors upon carried out in the burning of his barn, together with his farming implements and stock, the loss to him amounting from \$1,200 to \$1,500. Smith and his followers were suspected, and Bridwin's detectives were put on the case, with the results as stated. The two Smiths and Price will be held for indictment at the May term of the County Count which

Price will be used for indictment at the May term of the County Court, which begins on the 29th.

Smith is widely known in this and adjoining counties, and considerable interest is manifested in the result. Great indigand there will be general rejoicing if the guilty ones are made to pay the penalty for their crime.

THE CANAL BILL PASSED HOUSE

Victory of the Committee Was Complete.

A. DRAMATIC SCENE

The Words "Lie" and "Liar" Used by Mr. Hepburn in Debate.

RIOTOUS CONFUSION PREVAILED

Members Crowded the Aisles and the Situation Was at One Time Threatening-There Was a Show of Peace at the Close of the Incident, But Feeling Ran High.

WASHINGTON, May 2.- The House to day, at the conclusion of the most stormy debate of the present session of Congress passed the Nicaraguan Canal bill by the overwhelming vote of 225 to 35.

All attempts to retain in the bill the language of the original bill for the fortifleation of the canal, to still furthe strengthen the language on that line, wer balked, and the victory of Mr. Hepburn and the committee was complete.

A motion to recommit the bill with instructions to report back another bill, leaving the selection of the route to the President, was buried under an adverse majority of 52 to 171.

Mr. Cannon, chairman of the Appropria-tions Committee, and Mr. Burton, of Ohio, chairman of the Rivers and Harbors Committee, made a game fight to stav off action at this session, but their ap-peals were in vain, and the members rode rough-shod over all their arguments and

BITTER WORDS.

Much excitement reigned throughout th day, and several times bitter words were used. The excitement reached its climax in a highly dramatic scene between Mr. Hepburn and Mr. Canna Hepburn and Mr. Cannon, when the former used the words "He" and "Vilar," as he denounced the distinguished chairman of the Approtinguished chairman of the Appropriations Committee for attempting "40 dishonor inim." The House was in riotous confusion during the quarrel. Members crowded the aisles, and the situation at one time was so threatening that Mr. Wheeler, of Kentucky, sought to pour oil on the waters by raising a point of order. But he was not upheld, and the two irate members carried their war to the very members carried their war to the very

There was a show of peace at the close of the incident, but the feeling between the two men ran so high that the mutual the two men rail so high that the incidents generally end, were but the cloaks for the keenest and most cutting sarcasm. The bill as it passed the House appropriates the sum of \$10,000,000 for the conprimes the sum of \$10,000,000 for the con-struction of the canal, and authorizes contracts to be made, to be paid for as appropriations may from time to time be hereafter made, not to exceed the hereafter made, not to exceed the

THE AMENDMENT ADOPTED. Mr. Hepburn offered the committee amendment to substitute the word "pro-tect" for "defend" in the first section. It was adopted.

Mr. Parker affered an amendment to

strike out that portion of the bill limit-ing the President's selection of the canal

This amendment called forth a protes from Mr. Hepburn, who declared that it was intended to revive interest in the Panama route, which had caused one of "the foulest scandals" in the history of The Parker amendment was defeated— 31 to 87.

Mr. McCulloch, of Arkansas, offered an amendment to insert the words "fortify,

amendment to insert the words formy, garrison" between the words "construct" and "and defend."

Here occurred the sensational scene between Messrs, Cannon and Hepburn.

At its close Mr. Cannon said he would dismiss the whole subject, believing Mr. Hepburn's violent remarks were due to his temper, and not his calm judgment. ANOTHER SCENE.

Here the matter rested. But soon after another scene occurred when Mr. Gaines, of Tennessee, took exception to a personal allusion made to him by Mr. Mann,

of Illinois.

After reading from the Record Mr.
Mann's statement, Mr. Gaines with great
vehemence declared that the man who
had uttered the words was "devoid of common decency, courtesy and civility."

Mr. Mann came down the aisle as Mr.
Gaines concluded, and in sarcastic tones
said: "Mr. Chairman, if the remarks came from any other gentleman except the gentleman from Tennessee they would deserve a reply, but from him they de-

serve no reply."
After further discussion the vote was taken on the pending amendment, and it was defeated-66 to 114. The amendment was debated without The committee amendments to the sec-

ond section were adopted. Mr. Neville, of Nebraska, offered an amendment, which was defeated, pro-viding that wherever possible, only Amer-ican labor should be employed in the construction of the canal. EXCITEMENT INCREASED.

The excitement increased as the time for the vote approached. A substitute by Mr. Shackelford, that the bill should not go into effect if the Hay-Pauncefote treaty was ratified, was

The bill was then reported to the

House.

Mr. Adamson demanded a separate vote on the committee amendment, sub-stituting the words "provisions for de-fence" in place of "fortifications for de-fence." The vote was taken by yeas and

del-154 to 104.

Mr. Burton then moved to recommit the bill to the Interstate Commerce Com-

mittee.

Mr. Burton demanded the ayes and noes, but could not get a second for his demand.

The vote then came on the final passage of the bill. The bill was passed—

225 to 35. The announcement was received with a whiriwind of appliause.

At 5:204 P. M. the House adjourned.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Consideration of the army appropriation bill in the Senate to-day developed a debate on treatment of the volunteer soldiers sent to the Philippines that at times was very bitter.
Mr. Mason, of Illinois, delivered a specch on the investigation made by the Committee on Manufactures of the adulteration of food. He strongly urged that Congress should take immediate action to remedy existing evils, looking to marking ingredients of all foods exposed for sale, and prohibiting all deleterious articles.

Just before adjournment a sharp collogue occurred over the proposed considers.

quy occurred over the proposed consideration of the resolution to unseat Mr. eration of the resolution to unseat Mr. Clark, of Montana, which indicated that the unanimous recommendation of the Committee on Privileges and Elections will be sharply contested.

A bill was passed to establish the Fredericksburg and adjacent national battle-fields memorial park in Virginia.

The consideration of the army appropriation bill was then resumed.

Mr. Petrigrew bitterly denounced the government for keeping the volunteers in consideration. government for keeping the volunteers in service after their time had expired.

Mr. Pettigrew had a letter read which he wrote to the President, in which he used most violent and abusive language against the Chief Executive.

Mr. Hioar, of Massachusetts, gave notice that to-morrow he would move to proceed to the consideration of the resolution sectoring Mr. Clark of Montana.

lution declaring Mr. Clark, of Montana, not to be entitled to his seat in the Sen-Mr. Chandler said that reasonable time would be given, but no unreasonable de-

Mr. Chandler said he had heard there was a purpose to delay the Clark resolu-tion to prevent the Governor of Montana appointing a senator to succeed Mr. Clark in case he be unseated. These were rumons, he supposed, but he gave notice that he would demand a yea and nay vote on the proposition of consideration and definite action if such tactics were resorted to.

After a brief executive session the Senate, at 5:20 P. M., adjourned.

TO BUY HOLLAND TYPE BOATS Committee Recommend Amendment to Naval Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs to-day decided to recommend the amendment of the naval appropriation bill, so as to authorize the purchase of five submarine torpedo-boats of the Holland type, and also to restore the original provision appropriation 800 gor lake and vision appropriating \$100,000 for lake and

The Vandiver armor-plate amendment was agreed to. It authorizes the pay-ment of \$345 per ton for the plate for the Maine, Ohio and Missouri, and provides that if the contractors will not supply it for \$445 per tons for the remaining eleven ships authorized, the government shall construct an armor-plate plant of

The committee also adopted amendments providing against any further increase of the marine corps, and extending the limit of cost of the enlargement of the Naval Academy from \$5,000,000 to \$8,000,000.

THE DAVIS HOME

Daughters of Confederacy Will Buy

the One at Montgomery. OPELIKA. ALA.. May 2.—The State Convention of the Daughters of the Con-federacy to-day voted to buy the old Jefferson Davis Home, at Montgomery. Mrs. John A. Kirkpatrick, of Mont-gomery, was elected president.

CAPT. CHADWICK WAS REPRIMANDED

The Correspondence Respecting His Interview Reflecting on Admiral Schley Made Public.

WASHINGTON, May 2.-Secretary Long, after a conference with the Presiident, made public to-day the correspondence which has taken place between the Navy Department and Captain Chadwick, respecting the published interview in which the captain is reported as severely reflecting upon Rear-Admiral Schley.

The department's action in the case is a severe reprimand.

The correspondence consists of tw letters, one from Captain Chadwick and the other from Secretary Long. In his letter to Secretary Long, which is dated New York, April 27th, Captain Chadwick says he was in no way privy to the publication of the article. "The conversation was entirely private,

and so regarded, I supposed, by Mr. At-Secretary Long, in his letter, says:
"The department regrets that it has oc

casion to reprimand an officer of your rank and experience for inexcusable in-discretion and offence against the navy regulations. "It appears from your letter that in your interview with Mr. Atkins, whom you knew to be a newspaper correspon-dent, you spoke of a fellow officer, your enfor in rank, in a way calculated to

bring him into contempt. You knew this to be a violation of the naval regulations, which forbid the communication by inter-views of such comment and criticism. You knew it to be against the good order and discipline of the service, because it is the example of one officer in high rank reflecting upon the honor and character of another—an example which, unrebuked and followed, tends to bring the whole service into contention and scandal. "It is true that such conduct differs

from some recent causes of offence by officers of the navy, in which objectionable remarks made by them were made on occasions and under circumstances which they knew insured their publicity. In your case the department accepts your statement that your remarks were in no sense and in no part intended for publication or considered as an interview.
"It is for this reason that it takes no other action than this emphatic reprimand, the receipt of which you will ac-

Palpit and Pew Share Alike. CHICAGO. May 2.—The pulpit and the pew share equally in the highest govern-mental body of the Methodist Church.

Without a dissenting vote, the General Conference, at the Auditorium to-day, rati-fied the action of the annual conference in extending equal representation to the latty. The provisional delegates were ad-The committee amendment was adoptmitted without a contest.

> Dr. McGuire's Condition. There was no material change in the condition of Dr. Hunter McGuire yester-

M'KINLEY WAS WARMLYENDORSED

By the Nebraska Republican Convention.

STATE TICKET NAMED

Mr. Deitrich Nominated for Governor by Acclamation.

AS WERE ELECTORS AT LARGE

The Platform Eulogizes the Prosper-

ous Condition of the Country, Endorses the Gold Standard, and Approves of the Administration's Insular Policy. The Trust Plank.

LINCOLN, NEB., May 2.-The ticket: Governor-Charles dt. Deitrich, of tiast-

Lieutenant-Governor-L. P. Savage, of Juster. Secretary of State-George W. Marsh,

of Falls City.

Treasurer-William Suffer, of Cum-Auditor-Charles Watson, of Sheridan. Attorney-General-Frank N. Prout, of

Land Commissioner-George D. Fulmer, Superintendent of Public Instruction-

Prof. Kowler, of Falls City.
Delegates at large to the National Convention—Edward Rosewater, Senator John M. Thurston, John H. McClay and John A. Endert. Alternates at Large-Norris Brown and M. Snodross.
Presidential Electors—John F. Nesbitt,

R. B. Windom, Edward Royce, L. W. Haigh, S. P. Davidson, Jacob L. Jacobon, John L. Kennedy and John L. Lan-Republican State Convention. With two exceptions the State ticket was nominated by acclamation. The contest over dele-gates at large centering in the fight made on United States Senator caused intense excitement while the roll was being called, but when the result of the balloting showed that both the Senaator and Elitor Rosewater, who headed the anti-Thurston movement, had been elected, the convention gave itself up to

the wildest cheering. The convention as-sembled at 2:30 P. M., and shortly before o'clock had inished its business adjourned sine die.

BREATHLESS INTEREST. BREATHLESS INTEREST.

The roll call for delegates-at-large was followed with breathless interest by the delegates and spectators. The result was in doubt until the last moment, when the house was charged. onvention broke loose and cheered. Election of alternates-at-large residential electors were made by

Dr. Deitrich, president of the German National Bank, of Hastings, the only nominee presented, was nominated Governor by acclamation. Mr. Dietrich accepted in a brief speech in which he pre-dicted a reclamation of Nebraska by the Republicans in November. The platform adopted eulogizes the pres-

nt prosperous condition of the nation. ndorses the McKinley administration and indorses the gold standard. It approves if the Government's insular policy and the trust plank follows: "The Republican party recognizes that egitimate business fairly capitalized and honestly managed, has built up our industries at home, given the largest em-ployment to labor at highest wages, and enabled us successfully to compete with foreign countries in the markets of the world, but the Republican party, now as

always, is unalterably opposed to trusts and combinations having for their purpose the stifling of competition and arbitrarily controlling production or fixing prices." Another Dewey Hero.

BOSTON. May 1.—Judge Dewey, cousin of the great admiral, judge-advocate-general on the staff of Governor W. Murray Crane, of Missachusetts, and Justice of the Municipal Court of Boston, was publicly horsewhipped by a hack-driver in the streets of this city to-day. It was all a result of the attempted rescue of two ladies from impending danger, and the gallant young bachelor justice, who is quite famous for his courtly attentions to the fair sex, got into a sensational street-brawl as a reward

for his heroism. The climax of the story was the discovery that one of the ladier in the case was the wife of one of his personal friends.

The Judge saw a stylish coupe dashing at a perilous pace toward certain collision with a heavy dray, and to save the ladies he jumped to the rescue, when the intoxicated driver became angry and lashed him repeatedly over the shoulders with his heavy whip. The Judge was not seriously injured, and the women were saved. The police stopped the driver, but the Judge forbade his arrest.

SUMMARY OF TO-DAY'S NEWS.

Local.

Bicyclists knocked down by a car and injured.

—Traction Company wants to use Main-Street line. -President O'Connell addresses maninists.

—Great progress in Carnival affairs.

—Indictments in United States District

State.

-The State Democratic Convention in Norfolk endorses the Chicago platform, W. J. Bryan and the Constitutional Con-vention, Daniel, Martin, Tyler and Jones delegates at large.

A colored boy at Warsaw, Va., while trying to shoot a snake, fatally wounded his brother.

-Miss Mary Lee burned to death in King George county.

-Carpenters and stonecutters in Newport News strike for a shorter day of labor.

labor.

-Robert T. Bass, of Danville, killed by an electric car in Norfolk.

-Dr. Barr, of Monumental, holds a mission in Bedford City. General. -Hepburn Nicaragua Canal bill passed by the House.

The debate was a warm one, and the lie was passed.

Corresponding in the Chadwick-Schley episode made public by Navy Depart-

Foreign.

Roberts' plan is to establish a line posts from border to border of the -Roberts plan is to establish a line of posts from border to border of the Free State. -Relief of Mafeking still occupying at-tention of the authorities.

ment.
—Bail refused to those charged with complicity in the killing of Goebel.

Mr Flood made a vigorous attack upor

wood Constitution exists.
"Many of our sister Southern States